



National Aeronautics and Space  
Administration  
Jet Propulsion Laboratory  
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PRex

# Position Reconstruction (PRex)

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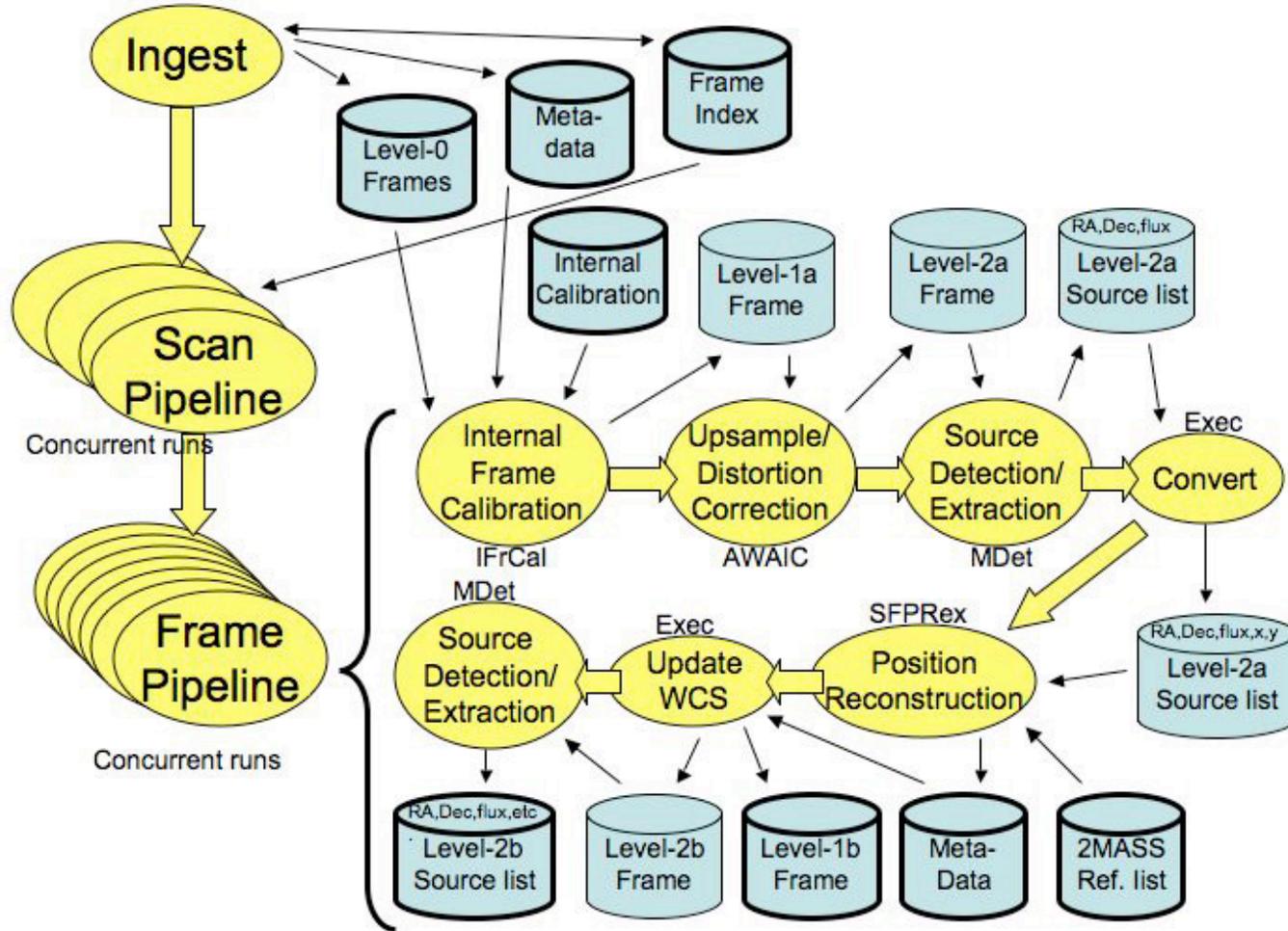
1  
HLM/JWF



# Position of SFPRex in Pipeline



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# PRex Purpose Related Requirements



- **Purpose:** Reconstruct Frame Position (RA & Dec), Orientation (PA) and Scale Factors (sfx &sfy) for Each of the Four Band-Frames Making Up a Single Frameset (along with uncertainties) Sufficient to Meet Related Requirements
- **Related Requirements:**
  - WISE catalog RMS of 0.5 asec per axis for SNR>20 in one or more bands
  - WISE catalog to contain uncertainties for each source
  - Will use 2MASS PSC as astrometric reference catalog
  - Will provide QA sufficient to validate
  - WISE catalog will provide equatorial coordinates (J2000 - ICRS)

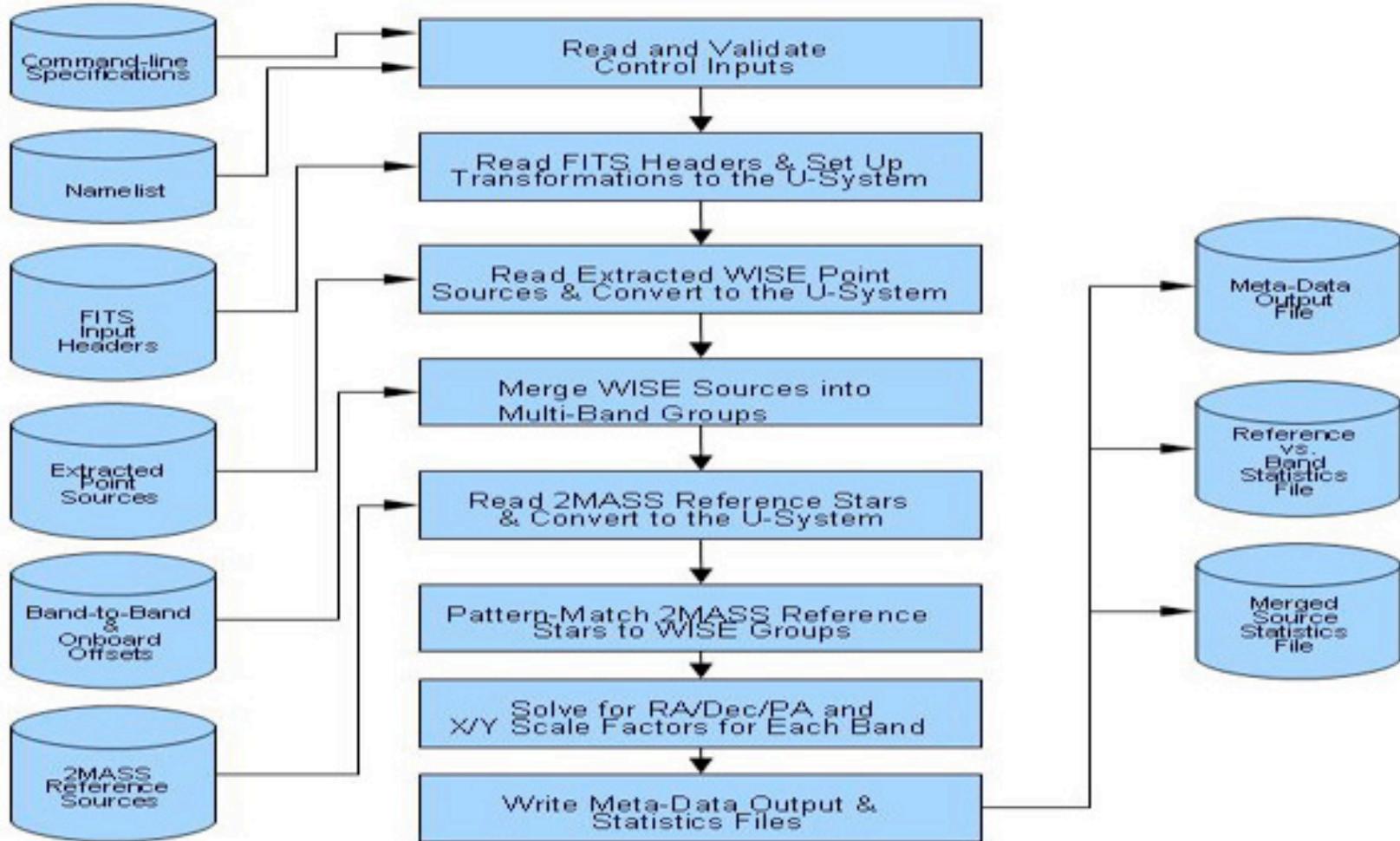




# Overall SFPReX Functional Flow Diagram



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# Converting Band Frame Positions to U-System



$$\begin{pmatrix} {}^i X_u \\ {}^i Y_u \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} {}^i X_{u0} \\ {}^i Y_{u0} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \cos({}^i \theta) & \sin({}^i \theta) \\ -\sin({}^i \theta) & \cos({}^i \theta) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} {}^i s_x & {}^i X_f \\ {}^i s_y & {}^i Y_f \end{pmatrix}$$

- $X_{u0}$  X offset in arcsec of band-frame origin from U-system origin
- $Y_{u0}$  Y offset in arcsec of band-frame origin from U-system origin
- $\theta$  Rotation in degrees of band-frame axes relative to U-system
- $s_x$  X scale factor to convert from band-frame to U-system
- $s_y$  Y scale factor to convert from band-frame to U-system





# Distortion Model



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$$\begin{aligned}
 dx = & \quad A_{11} + A_{12}y + A_{13}y^2 + A_{14}y^3 + A_{15}y^4 + A_{21}x + A_{22}xy + A_{23}xy^2 \\
 & + A_{24}xy^3 + A_{31}x^2 + A_{32}x^2y + A_{33}x^2y^2 + A_{41}x^3 + A_{42}x^3y \\
 & + A_{51}x^4 \\
 dy = & \quad B_{11} + B_{12}y + B_{13}y^2 + B_{14}y^3 + B_{15}y^4 + B_{21}x + B_{22}xy + B_{23}xy^2 \\
 & + B_{24}xy^3 + B_{31}x^2 + B_{32}x^2y + B_{33}x^2y^2 + B_{41}x^3 + B_{42}x^3y \\
 & + B_{51}x^4
 \end{aligned}$$

= used in distortion fit but not in pipeline

= not used in 2MASS processing





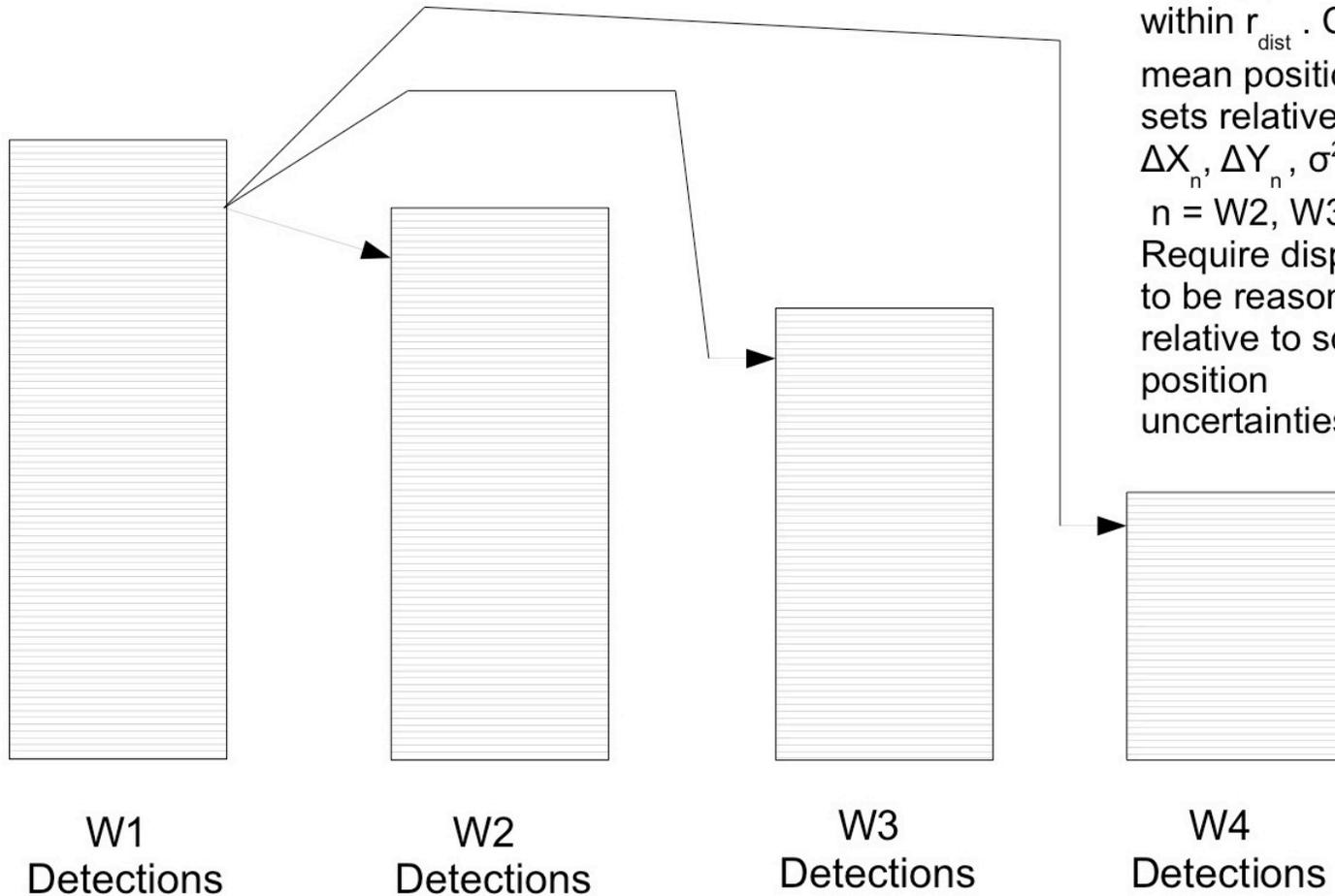
# Frame Adjustment - 1



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For each W1 detection, find W2, W3, & W4 detections within  $r_{dist}$ . Reject all detections having more than 1 match within  $r_{dist}$ . Compute

mean position off-sets relative to W1,  $\Delta X_n, \Delta Y_n, \sigma_{xn}^2, \sigma_{yn}^2$ ,  $n = W2, W3, W4$ . Require dispersions to be reasonable relative to source position uncertainties.





## Frame Adjustment - 2



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- Intended primarily for IOC
- Must have at least MinMatch (3) matches per band (if not, expand  $r_{\text{dist}}$  by 10% and try again, up to 100 times)
- RMS Dispersions must be  $\leq Z \cdot \text{RMS Source Uncertainties}$  (if not, repeat with cases rejected when offsets  $> Z \cdot \text{RMS Dispersion}$  from 1<sup>st</sup> pass)
- Mean position offsets are subtracted from source coordinates when computing  $\chi^2$  for merge-group match test only
- Mean position offsets are returned for use in band-frame position correction





# Merge Group Generation - 1



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All cross-band pairings of sources are tested for position matching via 2-D  $\chi^2$  test

For source #m in band i and source #n in band j:

$$\Delta X = ({}^i X_m - \delta x_i) - ({}^j X_n - \delta x_j)$$

$$\Delta Y = ({}^i Y_m - \delta y_i) - ({}^j Y_n - \delta y_j)$$

$$\vec{\Delta} \equiv (\Delta X, \Delta Y)$$

$$\Omega = {}^i \Omega_m + {}^j \Omega_n = \begin{pmatrix} {}^i V_{xm} & {}^i V_{xym} \\ {}^i V_{xym} & {}^i V_{ym} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} {}^j V_{xn} & {}^j V_{xyn} \\ {}^j V_{xyn} & {}^j V_{yn} \end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{pmatrix} V_x & V_{xy} \\ V_{xy} & V_y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$W \equiv \Omega^{-1} = \frac{1}{D} \begin{pmatrix} V_y & -V_{xy} \\ -V_{xy} & V_x \end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{pmatrix} W_x & W_{xy} \\ W_{xy} & W_y \end{pmatrix}, \quad D \equiv V_x V_y - V_{xy}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \chi^2 &= \vec{\Delta} W \vec{\Delta}^T = W_x \Delta X^2 + W_y \Delta Y^2 + 2W_{xy} \Delta X \Delta Y \\ &= \frac{V_y \Delta X^2 + V_x \Delta Y^2 - 2V_{xy} \Delta X \Delta Y}{D} \end{aligned}$$

Source pair is a match if  $\chi^2 < \chi_{\max}^2$  (6; implies 5% real matches sacrificed for reliability)





## Merge Group Generation - 2



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- Each source in a merge group must match at least one other source in that group
- No source may have more than one match in another band; if any does, all sources are rejected from membership in any group
- Merge groups are bookkept in arrays of source indexes,  $MG(N_g, 4)$ ; for example, if group #17 consists of W1 source #21 and W3 source #9, then  $MG(17, n)$ ,  $n = 1$  to 4, is  $\{21, 0, 9, 0\}$
- Denoting the members of a given group as  $\{G\}$ , position refinement is performed to obtain the group position and uncertainties as follows:

$$W = \sum_{i \in \{G\}} i \Omega^{-1} = \sum_{i \in \{G\}} \frac{1}{i V_x i V_y - i V_{xy}^2} \begin{pmatrix} i V_y & -i V_{xy} \\ -i V_{xy} & i V_x \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Omega_{refined} = W^{-1}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} X \\ Y \end{pmatrix}_{refined} = \Omega_{refined} \sum_{i \in \{G\}} i \Omega^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} i X \\ i Y \end{pmatrix}$$





# Selection of 2MASS Stars for Use as Astrometric References



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- Current Selection Criteria
  - Taken from Point Source Catalog (PSC)
  - Clean (Unconfused, not a known asteroid, ..)
  - Have Ks magnitudes between 5.5 and 12.0
  - Results in 30 million sources
  - Counts per frame vary with sky position (average 446)
- Uncertainty in % 2MASS Sources Visible in each WISE Band
- Smarter Selection Possible Without Loss in Reference Count
  - Can increase Ks magnitude range while retaining 0.1 arc-second accuracy
  - Predict how 2MASS stars might map to WISE bands
  - Avoid use of 2MASS stars with large proper motions





# Pattern Matcher



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- Set up Separation Bars Between Pairs of Sources
  - Consider all possible bars within 2MASS & WISE Merge Group sets
    - Brightest *ldepth* (set to 99) sources
    - Minimum separation of *sepmin* (set to 60 asec)
- Set up Bar Match Candidates Between 2MASS and WISE
  - Max difference in PA between candidate bar pairs of *toldpa* (set to 4000 asec)
  - Max difference from 1.0 of bar length ratio = *tolds* (set to .015)
- Force Exact Alignment of Candidate Separation Bar Pairs
  - Use Two-Peg approach from 2MASS to Torque WISE Merge Group Set
  - Compute and save source match counts & required adjustments  $\Delta X, \Delta Y, \theta, sf$
- Evaluate Probability That All Source Matches Spurious
- Option controlled by *useals*:
  - Compute trimmed average of adjustments for bar pairs with best source match counts
- Option controlled by *twkmch*:
  - Do 5-parameter fit using all source match  $\Rightarrow dx, dy, d\theta, ds_x, ds_y$



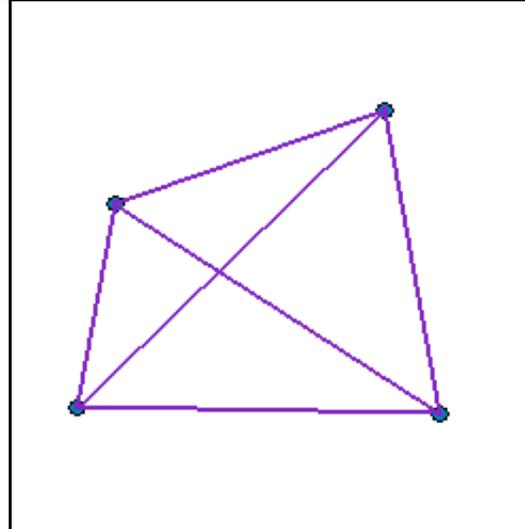
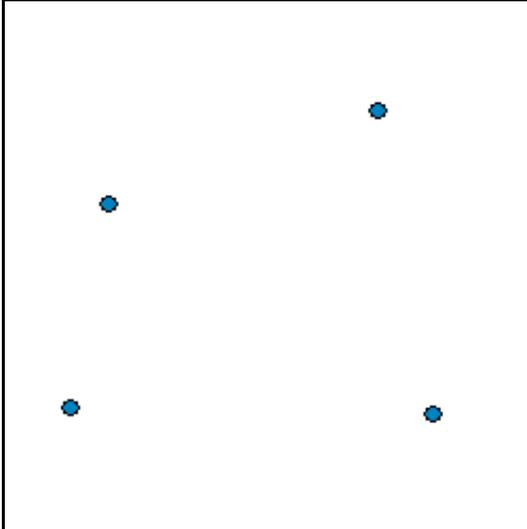


# Separation Bar Matching (Simplified Illustration)

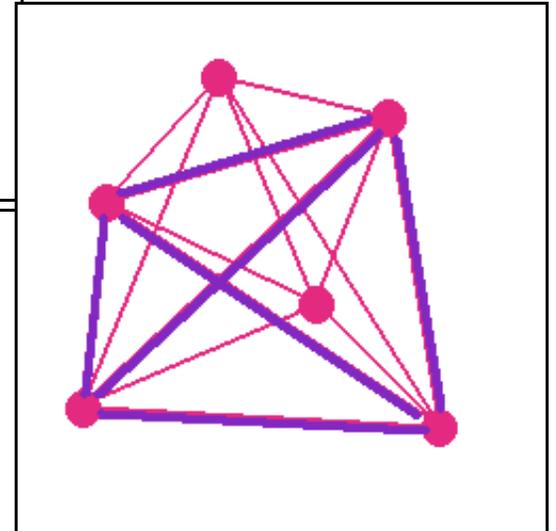
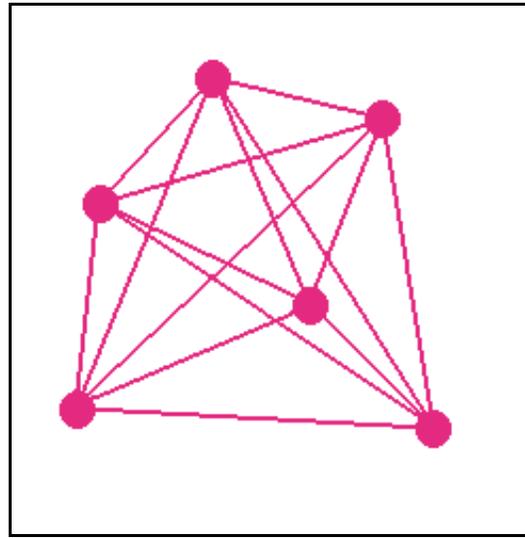
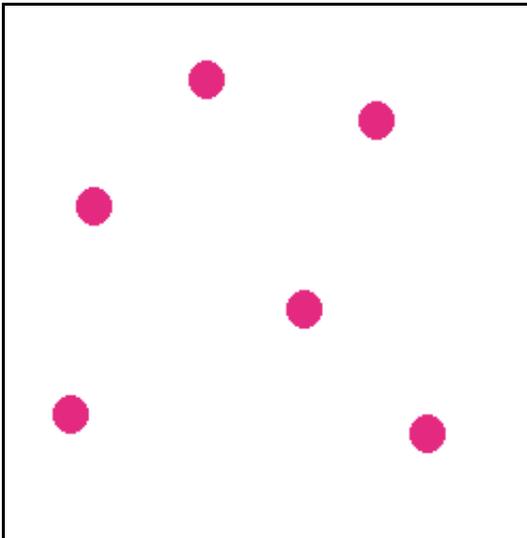


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2MASS



WISE



WISE & 2MASS

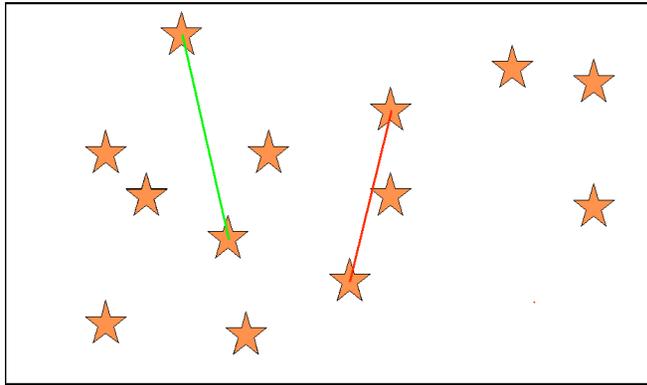




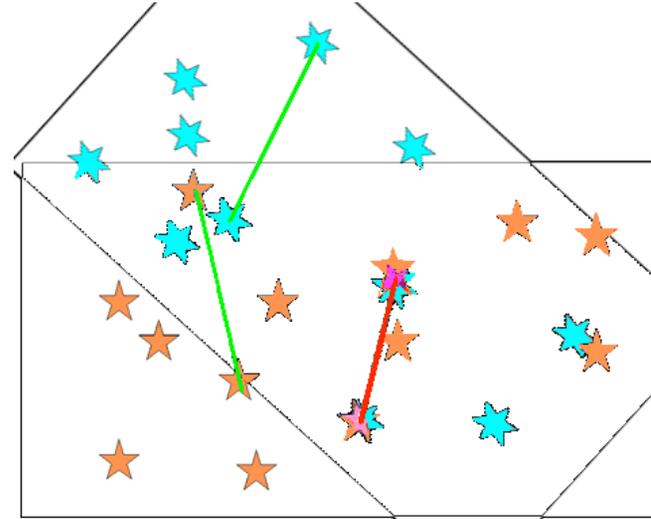
# Two Peg Source Match Counts Identify Good Sep-Bar Match



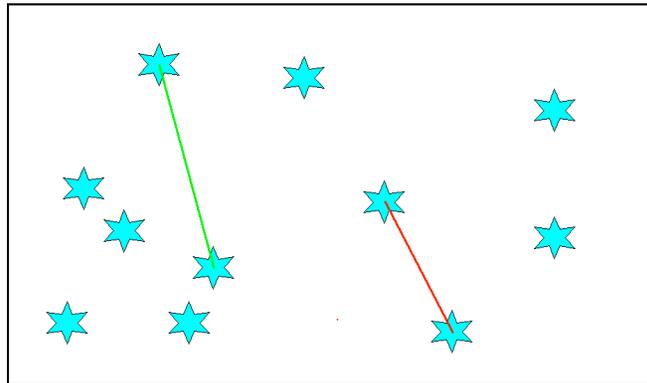
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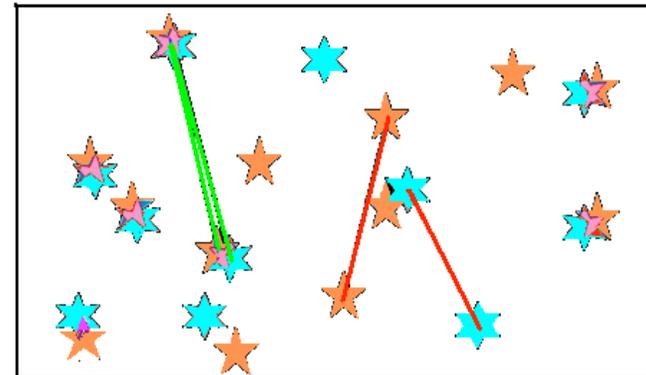
WISE Merged Groups



Source Match Count => Bad Bar Match



2MASS Reference Stars



Source Match Count => Good Bar Match





# Small Adjustment Parameters



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- Five small adjustment parameters per band-frame

Translation (2) :  $\Delta X, \Delta Y$

Rotation (1):  $\Delta\theta$

Scale (2):  $ds_x, ds_y$

Four Bands => Total of 20 small adjustment parameters

$$P_1 \equiv {}^1\Delta X, P_2 \equiv {}^1\Delta Y, P_3 \equiv {}^1\Delta\theta, P_4 \equiv {}^1ds_x, P_5 \equiv {}^1ds_y$$

$$P_6 \equiv {}^2\Delta X, P_7 \equiv {}^2\Delta Y, P_8 \equiv {}^2\Delta\theta, P_9 \equiv {}^2ds_x, P_{10} \equiv {}^2ds_y$$

$$P_{11} \equiv {}^3\Delta X, P_{12} \equiv {}^3\Delta Y, P_{13} \equiv {}^3\Delta\theta, P_{14} \equiv {}^3ds_x, P_{15} \equiv {}^3ds_y$$

$$P_{16} \equiv {}^4\Delta X, P_{17} \equiv {}^4\Delta Y, P_{18} \equiv {}^4\Delta\theta, P_{19} \equiv {}^4ds_x, P_{20} \equiv {}^4ds_y$$





# Setting Up $\chi^2$ Minimization Equations for FSFitR



$$\chi^2 = \chi_{ww}^2 + \chi_{wr}^2 + \chi_{aw}^2 + \chi_{ar}^2$$

$\chi_{ww}^2 = \chi^2$  sum of all WISE - to - WISE (band - to - band) differences

$\chi_{wr}^2 = \chi^2$  sum of all WISE - to - Ref differences

$\chi_{aw}^2 = \chi^2$  sum of parameter changes from *apriori* values

$\chi_{ar}^2 = \chi^2$  sum reflecting changes in *apriori* band - to - band alignments

$$\frac{\partial \chi^2}{\partial P_n} = 0, n = 1 \text{ to } 20$$

Provides 20 Equations in 20 Unknowns





# Assigning Uncertainties to the 20 Parameters



The matrix equation for the  $\chi^2$  minimization takes the form :

$$Ax = b$$

The equation can be solved by taking the inverse of matrix A

$$x = A^{-1}b$$

Fortunately for a linear system the the error covariance matrix  $\Omega_p$  is just A inverse

$$\Omega_p = A^{-1}$$

Taking square - roots of the diagonal elements of  $\Omega_p$  provides sigmas for all parameters





- Testing:
  - Robustness testing of pattern matcher
    - High and low source densities
    - Large *a priori* position errors
    - Sensitivity to brightest WISE sources matching brightest 2MASS
  - Testing of 20-parameter frameset fitter
    - Explore band-to-band and band-to-ref count parameter space
    - Consider effect of no band-to-ref counts for band 4
- Parameter Tuning:
  - Set pattern match parameters such that
    - Unlikely a good match will be rejected
    - Very unlikely a bad match will be accepted
  - Set  $K_{aw}$  weighting factors



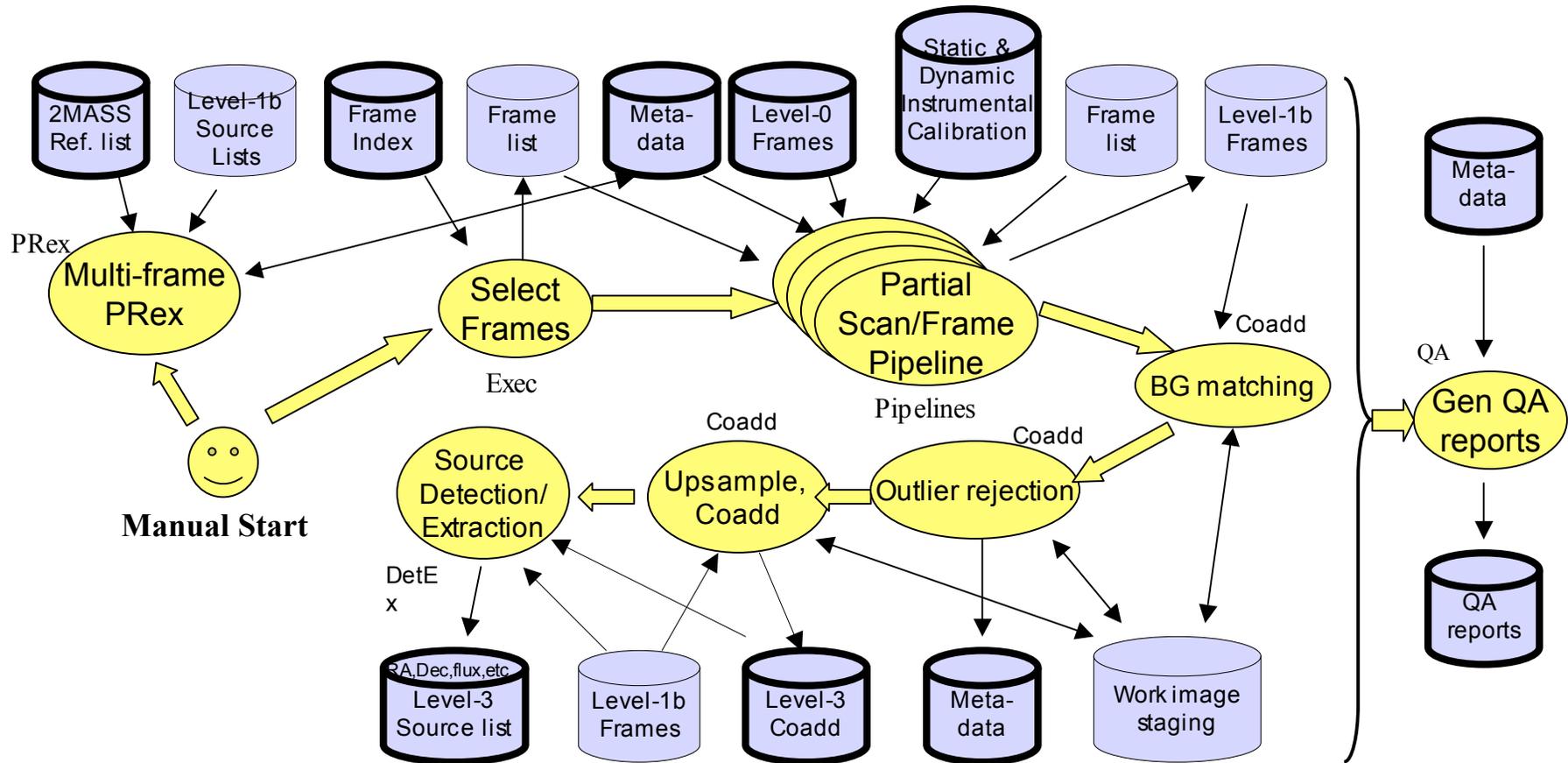


# SFPReX Peer Review Comments



- Careful selection of 2MASS subset to use as reference
  - Select stars most likely to show in WISE Bands
  - Avoid stars with high proper motions
  - Consider using brightest stars for pattern matching only
  - Drop stars from 2nd processing which are rejected on 1st
- High priority to accurate determination of distortion model
- Consider how to handle long term scale changes
- Consider recourse with loss of bands 1 and 2
- Test fields to check for latent systematics in reconstruction



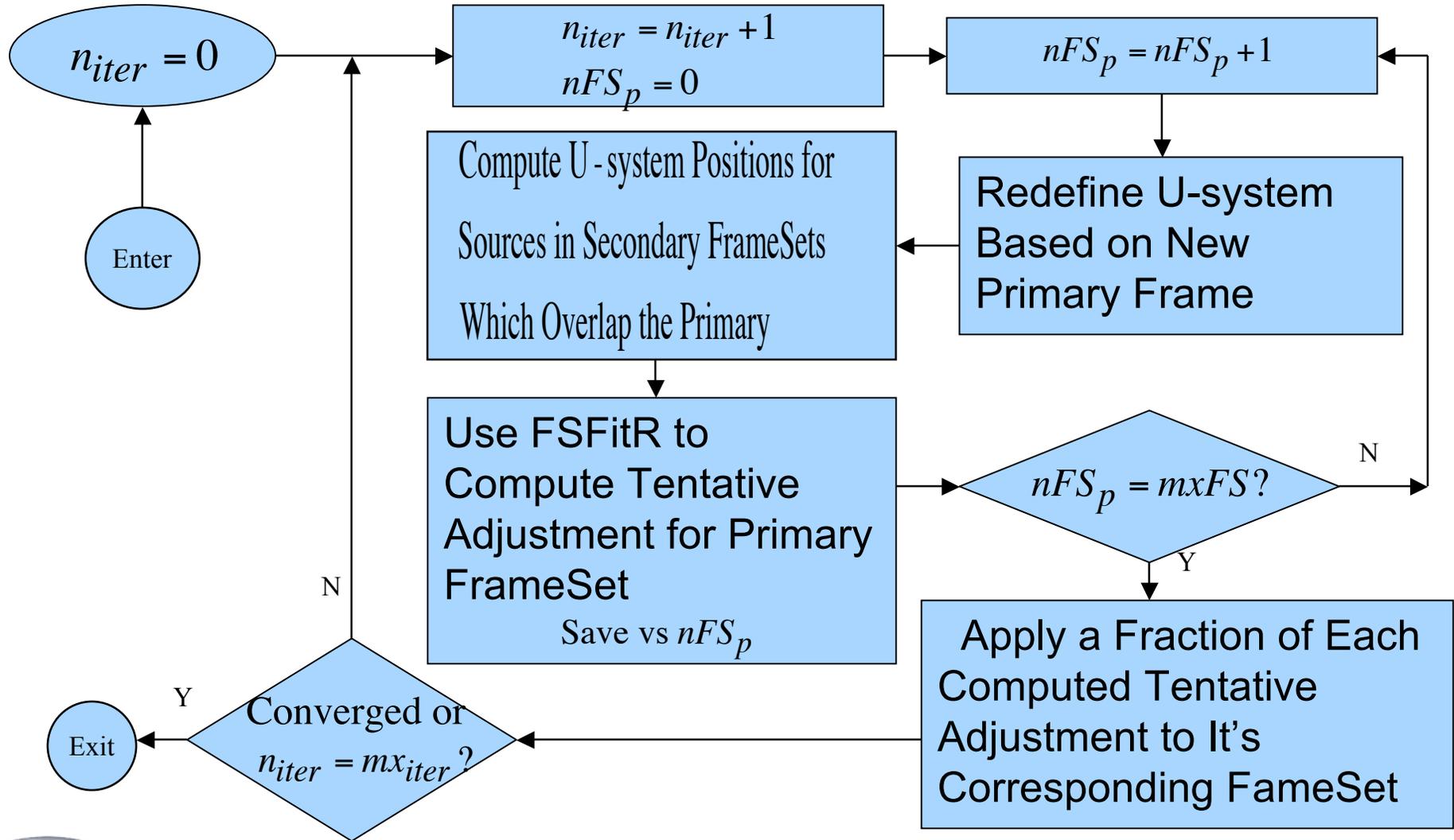




# Functional MFPRex FlowChart



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# Tentative MFPRex Design Features



- Use of FSFitR for primary frameset fitter
  - Provides full flexibility (any subset of the 20 parameters)
  - Could recover low source count W3 & W4 frames
  - Already developed & tested in SFPREx
- Redefinition of U-system for each frameset
  - Allows unlimited footprint size (up to  $4\pi$  steradians)
  - Cartesian system never covers more than  $\sim 1$  degree
- Unlimited footprint size





# PRex Development Schedule



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- April 15, 2008: All liens removed from SFPRex (except proper motions)  
MFPREx design complete (tentative issues remain)
- May 15, 2008: 2MASS proper motion modelling available
- June 19, 2008: "Complete" SFPRex code delivered  
"Prototype" MFPREx code delivered
- Aug 15, 2008: Decision on tentative MFPREx design issues
- Oct 15, 2008: "Preliminary" MFPREx code delivered
- Dec 17, 2008: "Mature" SFPRex code delivered  
"Complete" MFPREx code delivered
- July 7, 2009: "Mature" MFPREx code delivered





# Liens/Concerns



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- The 20-parameter fit routine (FSFitR ) not yet installed
- Outlier detection and rejection algorithms have not yet been designed.
- SIS's have not yet been written for output files.
- How to handle lack of proper motions in 2MASS undecided
- Uncertainties coming out of pattern matcher (*apriori* inputs to FSPFitR)
- Prediction of which 2MASS stars likely to show up in W1, W2, W3 & W4
- Predictions of % W1 sources also found in W2, W3 & W4;  
    % W2 sources also found in W3 & W4; % W3 sources also in W4
- Recourse if bands one and two are both missing
- Verification via testing of MFPRex tentative design issues
  - Use of FSPFitR for primary frameset fitter
  - Redefinition of U-system for each frameset

